(d) if not, by when the sanctioned Central assistance is likely to be sanctioned to the State Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI SURYAKANTA PATIL):-(a) to (d) The Ministry of Rural Development with the help of State Governments implement the following schemes in rural areas of the country. The Ministry of Rural Development implemented the following major schemes during the financial year 2003-04;

Swarnjayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana (SGSY)
Sampooma Gramin Rozgar Yojana (SGRY)
Indira Awaas Yojana (IAY)
Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY)
Watershed Development Programmes (IWDP),
Drought Prone Areas Programme (DPAP)
Desert Development Programme (DDP)
Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme (ARWSP)
Central Rural Sanitation Programme (CRSP)/Total Sanitation Campaign (TSC) DRDA Administration
Strengthening of Revenue Administration and Updating of Land Record (SRA and ULR)
Computerization of Land Record (CLR)

During the year 2002-03 and 2003-04, Rs.1384.69 crores and Rs. 1528.29 crores respectively have been released to the State Government of Uttar Pradesh to implement these rural development schemes. These schemes are continuing and funds are released as per the provision of the programme guidelines.

Monitoring of implementation of NFFWP

1091. SHRI URKHAO GWRA BRAHMA: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Ministry takes stock of the progress of implementation of the National Food for Work Programme (NFFWP);

(b) if so, details thereof;

(c) whether any such mechanism have been developed to monitor the works at the ground level so that quality can be ensured; and

(d) if so, the detail thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI SURYAKANTA PATIL): (a) and (b) The National Food for Work Programme (NFFWP) has inbuilt mechanism for constant and vigilant monitoring through participatory approach. The Monthly Progress Reports indicating physical and financial progress are required to be sent to the Ministry in the prescribed format. The system of reporting progress has been made mandatory from Block to District, District to State and State to the Centre. Review meetings at nine regional centres were proposed in the first phase to monitor the progress of implementation and the preparation of Perspective Plans, out of which eight review meetings have been held at Pune, Patna, Bhubneshwar, Hyderabad, Raipur, Bhopal, Guwahati and Ranchi. Some of these meetings were also attended by Minister of Rural Development, Government of India and Members, Planning Commission. Since the inception of the programme (November, 2004) till June, 2005 an amount of Rs. 2780.99 crore have been released alongwith 28.26 Lakh tonnes of foodgrains. Out of which 840.75 crore has been utilized and 6.04 lakh MTs of foodgrains distributed. As a result, 1298.67 lakh mandays have been generated through creation of 36,690 economic and social assets and 31,232 works under progress.

(c) and (d) As has been stated above, the programme guidelines provide for constitution of work-wise vigilance and monitoring committees having five to nine members of the beneficiaries. Representation of SC/ST and women members in the vigilance and monitoring committee is must. The committee is required to oversee the progress of the works and the report of this committee is to be attached with the completion report which should be placed and discussed in the meetings of the Gram Sabha. Besides, there is schedule of inspections for various levels of functionaries from State to the Block level. A certain minimum number of inspections have to be carried out by these State Government Officials. Apart from the above, Senior Officers of this Ministry also undertake sample inspection of works under Area Officers Scheme.

Fudged muster rolls in Food For Work Programme

1092. SHRI R.K. ANAND: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that muster rolls have been fudged to siphon off funds from the National Food For Work Programme;